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## THE INTELLIGENCER.

WHEELING, OCTOBER 5, 1899.

### Ohio Aguinidians Rebuked.

John R. McLean, the Ohio Democratic candidate for governor, opens up his campaign with a bitter attack on the policy of the administration in the Philippines. Mr. McLean, says the New York Times, is not an orator but is an adroit politician, and an expert in ordinary political polemics. His rhetoric and its implications were extreme. He represented the Filipinos as fighting the same kind of fight as that of the American colonists against the English king. He represented the President in the light of Lord North, and declared that the action of the administration was with less authority and for worse motives than that of the minister of George III.

McLean never attempted to outline a definite policy with which the Democrats in Congress shall meet the administration, but, to use the Times' language, "if they take the same general view as he, there is nothing for them to do but to propose the absolute, unconditional surrender of the Philippines to Aguinaldo and his 'government,' and the withdrawal of the army of the United States from Manila and the fleet from archipelago."

Of course the Democrats will do nothing of the kind. Mr. McLean could read some comments of the Cleveland Plain Dealer, one of the strongest Democratic papers in Ohio, which deems plainly with the tremendous mistake its party of Ohio is making. The Plain Dealer makes it plain to McLean that the thing to be done now is to "enforce authority in the Philippines; to convince the people of the islands that it is useless to resist the United States. The Filipinos should be made to understand that on this point the people of the United States are a unit. DEMOCRATS AND REPUBLICANS SHOULD STAND TOGETHER in strengthening the hands of the government in that object, and in insisting on the consummation of that object. For the present the only question is the establishment of the authority of the United States where it has been defied."

These suggestions made by one of the leading Democratic papers in Ohio, and in one of the largest cities, indicate that the position of McLean is not popular with his party. There is but one course for the Democratic candidate in Ohio. He must either abandon his present absurd theories and trachorous course, or stand for an overwhelming political burial by the loyal voters of a loyal state, that has never yet voted against the honor of the American flag, and never will. It was foremost on one other occasion when the emblem of united nationality was assailed and has not since failed of its duty.

Now, when a loyal and true son of Ohio sits in the white house sustaining the burden of a mighty responsibility, in which the integrity of the Nation is involved, Ohio is not going to sit quietly aside and witness him discredited at the behest of a political demagogue, who is not even a resident of the state, and whose sympathy is against the flag, the soldiers who have so nobly vindicated it, and the President who has used all the forces of the Nation to sustain its honor on land and sea in all parts of the world.

**Injustice to Gen. Otis.**  
The trouble with some of the more radical critics of General Otis in his management of affairs in the Philippines is largely due to the ignorance of the general's character and career, and of the great difficulties which confront him in the present situation. The New York Sun quotes as a sample of the most decent of these criticisms a sentence from the Boston Beacon, as follows: "General Otis is not the first man to miss success, because in a position of great trust he has not been willing to delegate authority."

The Sun raises the point that Otis has not "missed success" in the Philippines, but has successfully pursued a wise military policy. While it is true the insurrection is not suppressed, in every instance in which Aguinaldo's forces have been met they have been defeated. "Each day advances the cause of the national authority, and with the enlarged army which General Otis will soon have at his command, the prospects that the insurrection will be put down speedily are recognized and admitted by all competent military authorities in the world. Otis, according to official reports, has the situation well in hand. The administration has perfect confidence in him, all stories about any distrust at Washington of General Otis are denounced as false.

A remark made by Admiral Dewey

has been misconstrued and garbled. The simple statement of the admiral, who spoke highly of General Otis' management, was that he feared General Otis was "overworking himself." Otis is not complaining, however. There are many things he has to contend with. The Sun remarks: "The rainy season has interrupted military operations on a large scale, as a matter of course, and the duplicity of the Aguinaldo rebels, assisted by the anti-imperialist gang in this country, has increased the difficulty and embarrassment of the situation. But there is no feature of it of which General Otis has not proved to the government his full and precise knowledge."

There is another feature in respect to General Otis, and the New York contemporary calls attention to it. It is that General Otis is a soldier who has seen more actual service in war than any general now in command of a foreign army. His record as a volunteer officer in the Civil War, before his appointment in the regular army, was one of courage and skill. History shows that Otis' record was that of conspicuous service and distinguished gallantry in many of the brilliant battles in the greatest war of the century.

There seems to be an alarming amount of ignorance of the career of Otis, and the political demagogues who are demonstrating this ignorance in their daily assaults upon him should be put in a school of historical instruction. If the Aguinaldians who are engaging in this criticism were doing one quarter as much for their country as General Otis has done in two great wars, they might be entitled to a hearing as military critics. There is no evidence anywhere that any of them ever had an experience in any sort of a war, or even wore a uniform in the state militia. What is this country coming to when a hero of two bloody wars is slaughtered by the sympathizers with the enemy?

### The Dewey Era.

Under this timely title the Philadelphia Times remarks upon Dewey and his time. This period will, in the history of the country, be referred to in this way, just as we think of the Jackson, the Lincoln and the Grant eras. The Times, possibly with reference to the untimely talk about Dewey as a Democratic candidate for the presidency when he isn't a Democrat, says individually is what counts in this land. Americans are the greatest worshippers of true heroism and proved ability on earth. Dewey is the sublime figure of the Spanish war, largely because he was the first to score.

The prestige of his great victory, says the Times, made everything else possible. The splendid success of the Atlantic fleet in the open sea off Santiago was a more tremendous conflict. This was for the reason that the "highest types of modern ships met in a contest that could only end in the destruction of one of the participants. The chase was keen and relentless. Loss of life inflicted on the enemy was appalling. Never in the history of sea power were ships better fought than by our gallant commanders who directed the battle. And yet the American people were prepared for victory. They were not surprised, for anything else was out of the question.

The logic of it all was that Dewey taught the lesson—he set the pace. To use the language of our contemporary, Dewey's captains went into the Manila harbor flying the signal: "Remember the Maine!" It might have been at Santiago: "Remember Dewey!" Up to July 3 Dewey's victory was the most complete in the history of naval warfare. Down at Santiago, just two months later, what Dewey did at Manila was repeated. Therefore, we may properly accept the Times' suggestion that we are living in the Dewey era. That's why the whole country is aroused to the height of enthusiasm in welcoming Dewey home.

### Ungrateful Cuban Generals.

Some wild-eyed Cuban generals are indulging in threats of a revolution against the United States, because they are dissatisfied with General Wood's rules pending the establishment of an independent government in accordance with the pledge made by this country. In view of the humane treatment they are receiving from the American authorities pending the final settlement of a form of government, it seems that these Cuban leaders are most ungrateful to the country that came to their relief and freed them from Spanish tyranny.

The feeling is said to be mainly among ambitious leaders who are afraid they will not all get offices, and are unwilling to undergo the natural consequences of submitting to their deliverer to restore peace, order and get matters in a proper shape pending a future independence.

These leaders are mistaking the ignorant part of the population, and are doubtless encouraged to talk about revolution, by the mischievous reports that Aguinaldo has been successful in the Philippines. They will not have the people with them, however. They have had enough of the miseries of war in their land, and, feeling they owe their freedom to the United States, will not submit to an effort to stir them up to another insurrection, with all the horrors from which they have been released, and reject the protection of their great Benefactor, which did for them that which they could not do for themselves.

### The Philippine Policy.

Late Tuesday night an official announcement of the President's position was given out from the white house after a conference between the President, members of his cabinet, Admiral Dewey and others. The purport of the policy is to carry out the manifest will of the American people in furnishing troops to sustain the fruits of Admiral Dewey's victory. It is believed to be the duty of the government to maintain the sovereignty over the islands, maintain our troops against the enemy, and to preserve law and order, all being for the purpose of establishing a rightful government for the Philippines "in such manner as the American government, through Congress, shall determine."

It is the intention to push the campaign vigorously and the opposition to the army must be ended rapidly. "Peace must be established by this gov-

ernment and maintained until Congress decides what shall be done with the islands. It is stated that the President will make use of every means to the crushing of opposition to the authority of the United States, for the restoration of peace and the establishment and maintenance of humane government on a peaceful basis.

This is an authoritative statement of what the public must expect. It is no more, no less than what was expected, and is confirmatory of the intimation made by the President in his speeches and the contentions of his supporters among the press and the leading statesmen of the President's party. It will meet with the approval of the loyal citizens of the country as the only logical solution of the problems that present themselves. It is wiser than the policy of abandonment advocated by the Aguinaldians in the country.

President McKinley left Washington for his trip to Chicago and the north-west last night, and will visit many points where receptions have been arranged for him. He is accompanied by many distinguished men, and the journey will be of a most interesting character.

### PREVAILING PROSPERITY.

Pertinent Suggestions as How to Make These Good Times Stay.

Engineering News: The tendencies of the public in financial matters is always "to go with the crowd." The comparison of the business community to a flock of sheep is an old one. Every man is strongly prone to do what he sees his neighbor doing. This is why in times of great prosperity men incur obligations and enter upon speculations with apparent recklessness, who in times of financial disaster would turn a deaf ear even to meritorious propositions for investment.

We are now in such a season of business expansion as has not been seen in a long time. Speculation of all sorts is rife. Companies are being floated with millions of dollars of paper capital, and with little save great expectations to show for it. Some of these concerns have bought up some of the abandoned and obsolete factories which failed to survive the competition of 1895 and 1897, and parade a list of such properties as evidence of their solid foundation. Manufacturing concerns are expanding. Enterprises which only a very short ago were their wits' end to obtain enough to keep from shutting down, are making large investments to increase their capacity. All these things tend to swell the volume of apparent demand and to force prices higher and higher, until finally the bubble will burst. Banks and financiers refuse further loans; purchasers cancel orders; mills can find no market for their goods and are shut down; operatives are thrown out of employment and their purchases decrease. Thus does our fair castle of prosperity fall in ruins.

What can be done to postpone this evil day and to diminish its shock and intensity, when it does come? The simplest self-evident answer is that anything at the present time which tends to check the swelling tide of demand, the forcing upward of prices, and the increasing tendency toward debt-incurring and speculation on a gigantic scale will operate to prolong prosperity. Let us illustrate by a concrete example. Here, let us say, a city which proposes to spend ten million dollars on public improvements. These have been a long time in contemplation; but during the hard times the taxpayers have been inclined to oppose such large expenditures. Now, under the general stimulus of prosperity, however, it is proposed to undertake the work. The money is raised by the sale of city bonds, and this volume of demand is added to that which is at the present time operating to raise prices of materials and of labor to a still higher point. Next, suppose that instead of this course the opposite one were taken, and the work were postponed until a more future day, when prices have fallen to a more normal level. The taxpayers would then get a much larger return for their money expended. "The volume of demand would come at a time when it might be most welcome to fill the order sheets of mills which were nearing a shut-down, and labor would be employed which would otherwise be idle."

Is it not a fact that our seasons of financial prosperity and adversity are really due to fluctuations in the tide of demand? Do we not need as much to check it in times of prosperity as to stimulate it in times of adversity? Must we not, in fact, do one in order to do the other?

We wish to emphasize the fact, moreover, that the course which is thus indicated is really a sound financial policy? To go as a crowd goes is contrary to good business principles as it is to the larger financial interests of the nation. Whenever, at the present time, erects a building, equips a manufactory, constructs a system of water works, or does almost any piece of work which can be classed as a permanent investment will receive a smaller return for a given expenditure than at any time for many years. Now is the time when all purchases and investments should be restricted to the lowest possible point. Now is the worst possible time to engage in large investments and speculations, notwithstanding the fact that every one is doing it. It is the best possible time to pay debts and not to incur them.

### The Wedding Ring.

It was made, they said, from the guinea gold.  
Poor little ring, so frail and old;  
It is worn to a thread, for a bit it has known  
A world of love, and regrets outgrown.  
As I look at the ring, so fragile, so frail,  
That shines on my hand while I whisper  
my tale,  
I stoop, the delicate thread to kiss,  
For it breathes anew of its lived-out bliss.  
And could I go back to the years that have passed,  
With the tender look that she wore to the last,  
My grandmother's face, uprising fair,  
Would smile, as if hating to Love's sweet prayer.

By the ocean she lived, and loved, and wed,  
And beside it her first glad vows were said,  
While amid chorus of billows that singing broke,  
It was there the voice of her future spoke.  
Ah! well—she vanished a long time ago;  
She had joys and regrets that we all must know.  
But she rests with her lover, in changeless rest,  
And perchance remembers it all. Who knows?  
—Philadelphia Inquirer.

### The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever.

Is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chilli Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price, 50c. **th&w**

### FAMILY WASHING.

Rough Dry Wash, Starched and Dried 5 cents per pound.  
Flat Work, Washed and Ironed, 5 cents per pound.  
All had work finished 10 cents per pound. **Home Steam Laundry.**

### Pittsburgh Exposition, Low Rate.

Over the B. & O. R. R.  
Commencing Thursday, September 7th, and continuing every Thursday until October 19th, inclusive, the B. & O. will sell excursion tickets to Pittsburgh at low rate of \$2.25 round trip, including admission to the Exposition. Tickets good three days, including date of sale.

## A THIN DISGUISE.

The cuttle fish has a tricky habit of covering his tracks by exuding an inky fluid which discolors the water and keeps him out of view. There's a good deal of the cuttle fish about some advertisements, notably those purporting to offer medical advice by a woman to women. An examination of the advertisement will show that no offer of a doctor's advice is really made. And all the clamor about "writing to a woman" is merely raised to divert attention from the fact that a doctor's advice is not really offered and cannot be given. The real question is not of writing to a woman or a man but of writing to a doctor.

For the advice of an unqualified woman is just as dangerous as the advice of an unqualified man.

Every day adds to the number of women who take advantage of Dr. Pierce's genuine offer of a consultation by letter free of cost. As chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., Dr. R. V. Pierce has, in a practice of over thirty years, treated more than half-a-million women for female troubles with the remarkable record of ninety-eight per cent. of cures. Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, without fear and without fee. Every letter is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential, and all answers are mailed sealed in plain envelopes without printing of any kind upon them.

**Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes Weak Women Strong and Sick Women Well.**

### FALL ELECTIONS.

Why "They Will Furnish No Indication of National Verdict Next Year."

Chicago Times-Herald: That the coming fall elections will have no national significance is clearly shown by Senator Burrows, of Michigan, in an article in the October Forum. The senator does not believe it will be possible to divert public attention so completely from local questions in the various states as to make the result indicative of the probable judgment of the people of the whole country upon the issues as they shall be presented in 1900.

Our political history furnishes abundant proof that the results of "off year" elections that closely precede a presidential contest are not always indicative of the popular verdict that will be registered in the national election. Senator Burrows cites only one, however, but it is a most pertinent and significant one because of the striking similarity of the issues presented and the conditions that prevailed to those that will confront the people in 1900.

In 1862, when the public mind was absorbed in the progress of the great struggle for national existence, the loyal people of the Union states of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois rendered verdicts against the administration of President Lincoln. In these five states the Democrats elected fifty-nine of the ninety-nine representatives elected, while the Republicans were able to muster only forty. Even Pennsylvania, now the Gibraltar of Republicanism, gave a popular majority "against the President."

But these crushing Republican defeats did not foreshadow the overthrow of the national administration. In the national contest of 1863, which followed, these states emphatically reversed their verdicts of the previous year and gave the national administration sweeping and enthusiastic commendation. In New York Gov. Seymour and his party were beaten by a majority of 30,000, while Ohio swung into line for the administration with a majority of over 100,000.

### POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A flirt at twenty is apt to be an old maid at thirty.  
The antifrat doctor lives on the fat of the land.

Some people are equally as disagreeable as the truth.  
A bride must feel rather cheap when a relative gives her away.

"Everything comes to the man who waits," but it's different with some women.

The divorcee judge plays into the hands of the second-hand furniture dealer.

A man's reputation often depends upon the things that are not found out about him.

Hair dye deceives people who use it into thinking they are deceiving other people.

It is a pity the average man cannot borrow money as easily as he can borrow trouble.

A man's best friend and his next-door neighbor are seldom synonymous.

A man finds himself in the hands of a hard creditor when he borrows trouble.

There is entirely too much controversy about things that are not worth talking about.

When you see a man's ears stuffed with cotton it's a question whether he has earache or a scolding wife.

About the straightest thing in this crooked world is the outline of a railway on the map issued by the company.

A St. Louis man who had the misfortune to swallow his false teeth has quit lying for fear of biting himself internally.—Chicago Daily News.

### Catarrh Cannot Be Cured.

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. **F. J. CHENEY & CO., Prop.** Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, price 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

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Direct from the best makers.  
Made in the following new materials:

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Children's Fast Black Seamless Hose at 9c a pair. The kind you have been paying 15c for.

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at 12 1/2c a pair. The kind you have been paying 25c for.

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ALL CATCHY MUSIC. HOTS OF FUN.

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Matinee prices, 25 and 50 cents. Evening prices, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Seats on sale at the box office October 5, at 9 a. m. Oct. 7 and 8.

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